

Making the difference

Protocol for Intermittent Catheterisation



General Policies July 2023

PROTOCOL FOR INTERMITTENT CATHETERISATION

This is a clean procedure and only used if it is in individual health care plans.

Only staff with appropriate training may facilitate. Consent must be written and dated by parents.

Equipment: Disposable Gloves

Wet Wipes

Catheter – pupils prescribed one.

Dish to Collect Urine

Ensure environment is supportive and appropriate.

- 1. Tell the child what you are going to do, consider dignity and comfort.
- Child may be best lying down although some can do this while still in their wheelchair or whilst sat on the toilet.
- 3. Wash your hands. Get equipment ready. Poor some water inside catheter to activate the lubrication. Put gloves on.
- 4. Using wet wipes, clean the genital area. Place dish between patient's thighs ready to collect urine. If sat on toilet, make sure catheter drains into the toilet.
- 5. Hold penis or vagina with one hand, insert catheter. Gently introduce catheter until urine begins to flow.
- 6. When flow has stopped, remove catheter gently.
- 7. Dispose of urine and all equipment. Use a new catheter each time.

Observe what the urine looks like:

- If it is very concentrated and dark in colour this suggests the child needs to take more fluids.
- If urine is 'thick' and smelly (fishy) this suggests urinary tract infection. Parents must be informed.
- If you see blood in the urine, this may suggest slight irritation or infection. If not clear within 2-3 days, child should see GP.

